



64 Bit Delphi

What does it all mean?

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Agenda

- RAD Studio Product Family Overview
- 64bit computing – What's the same? Different?
 - Data types
- The CPU - Instructions, Addresses
- What this means for Delphi
- What can I do today?
- Q&A

Product Editions

Delphi XE



- Starter
- Professional
- Enterprise
- Architect 

C++Builder XE



- Starter
- Professional
- Enterprise
- Architect 

Delphi Prism XE



- Professional
- Enterprise

RadPHP XE



RAD Studio XE

- Professional
- Enterprise
- Architect 

Included all IDE's



ER Studio Developer Edition
Included on Architect edition



InterBase Developer Edition FREE
for development

Delphi XE and C++Builder XE Starter Edition

- Low cost solution for hobbyists, students, and independent developers to be able to get started building and distributing apps
- VCL Form Designer to visually build native Windows applications
- Full-featured debugger with color syntax highlighting
- Hundreds of included components
 - Touch and Gesture support
 - Ribbon Controls
 - IBX for database development
 - Allow third party components



Recent investments in RAD Studio

- Acquisitions



- Strategic acquisitions
- Investing in new and future technologies for software development

INVESTING IN YOUR FUTURE!!!

RAD Studio Future



Cross-Platform

Community 3.0

VCL+

DataSnap Server



**Modular Compiler
Architecture**

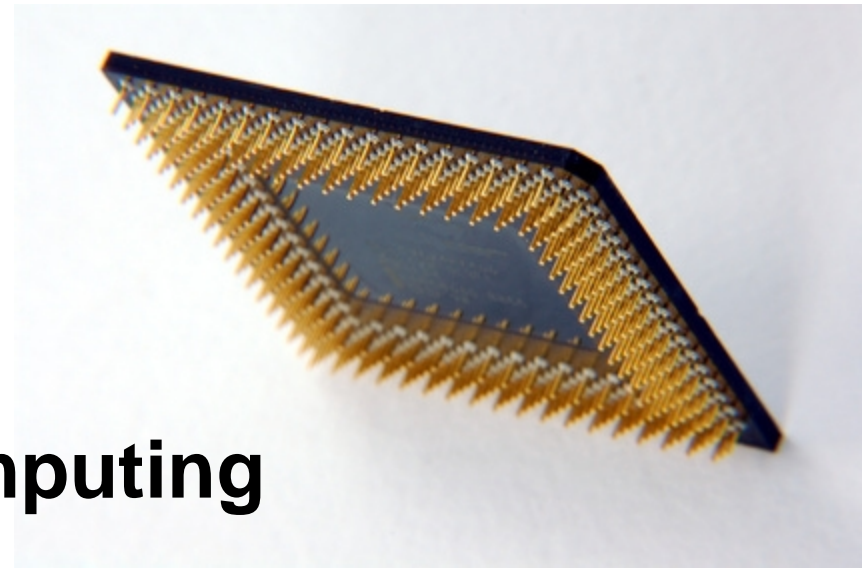
**Delphi Language
Everywhere**



Mobile Connectivity



Bit Computing



What's the same?



- Integer, Longint, Cardinal – still 32bits
- Int64, UInt64 – still 64bits
- UnicodeString, AnsiString, WideString
- Exceptions
- Runtime Library (RTL)
- SysUtils, Classes, etc...

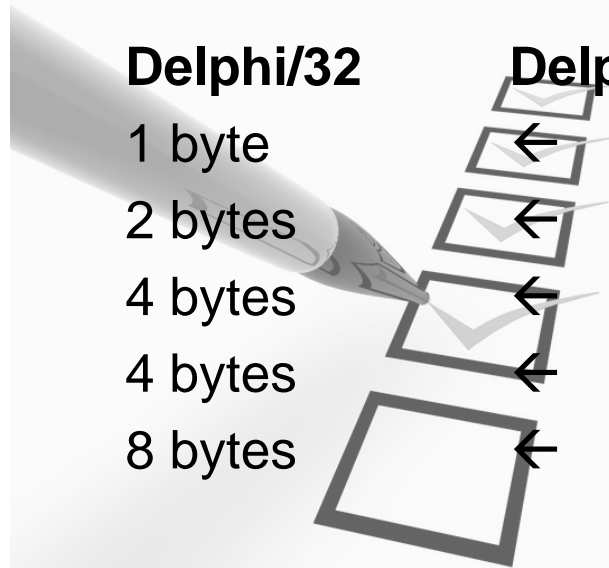
Delphi 32 and 64-bit Type Sizes

Signed types

| | Delphi/32 | Delphi/64 |
|----------|-----------|-----------|
| ShortInt | 1 byte | ← |
| SmallInt | 2 bytes | ← |
| LongInt | 4 bytes | ← |
| Integer | 4 bytes | ← |
| Int64 | 8 bytes | ← |

Unsigned types

| | Delphi/32 | Delphi/64 |
|----------|-----------|-----------|
| Byte | 1 byte | ← |
| Word | 2 bytes | ← |
| LongWord | 4 bytes | ← |
| Cardinal | 4 bytes | ← |
| UInt64 | 8 bytes | ← |



What's different?



- NativeInt, NativeUInt – 64bits
- Pointer (all pointers) – 64bits
- Dynamic Arrays – 64bit indexing
- Floating point math - Double

Delphi 32 and 64-bit Type Sizes

Signed types

NativeInt

Delphi/32

4 bytes

Delphi/64

8 bytes

Unsigned types

NativeUInt

Delphi/32

4 bytes

Delphi/64

8 bytes



Delphi 32 and 64-bit Pointer Types

Pointer types

Delphi/32

Delphi/64

Pointer

String

Class instance

Class reference

Interface

AnsiString

WideString

UnicodeString

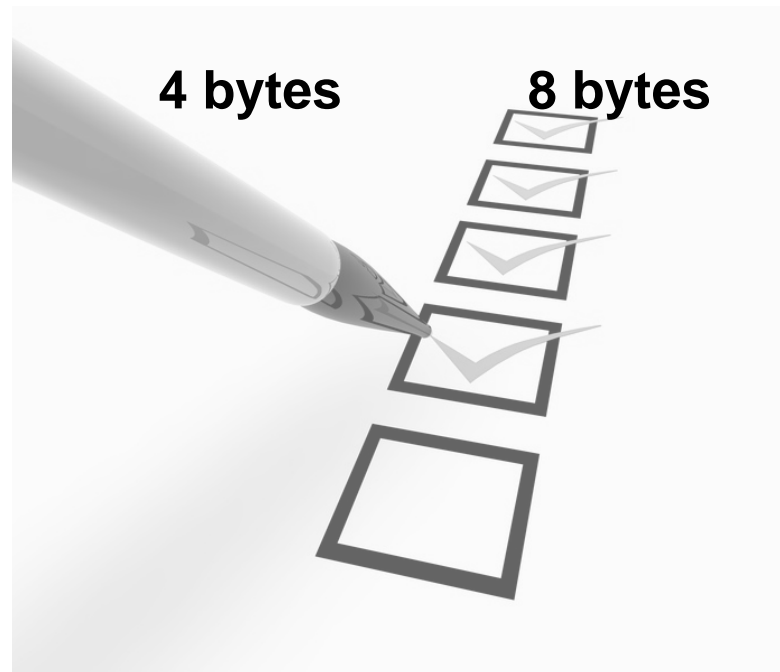
Procedure pointer

Dynamic array

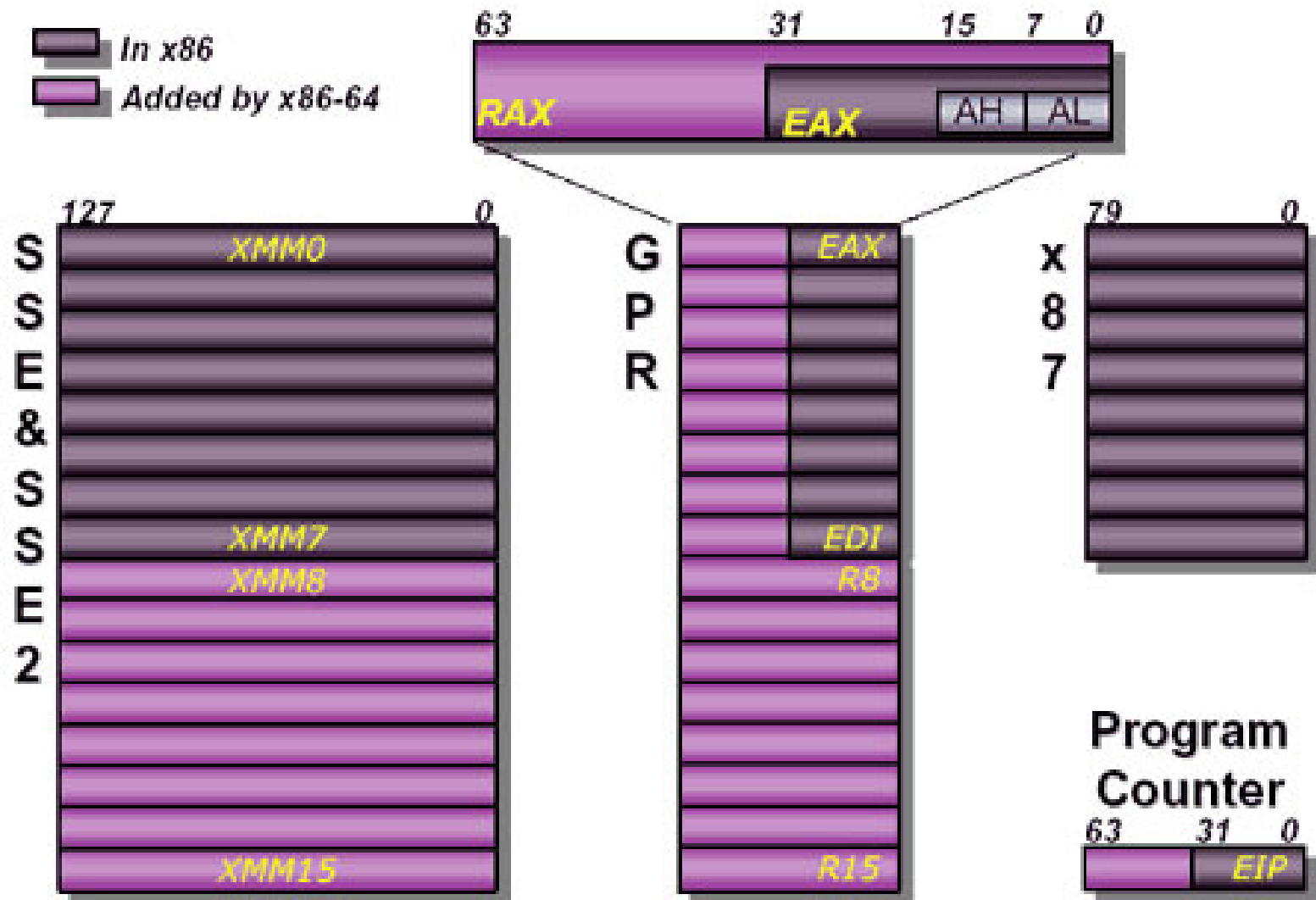
PAnsiChar

PWideChar

PChar



The CPU – Programming model



Instructions and Addresses



- 64 bit address space
 - Limited by physical hardware
 - Same core Intel instruction set
 - New REX prefix for 64bit instructions
 - RIP-relative addressing
 - Jumps – relative +/- 2GB
 - 16 byte stack alignments
-
- Online resources
 - <http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/magazine/cc300794.aspx>
 - <http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/7kcdt6fy.aspx>

What does this mean for Delphi?



Don't panic!



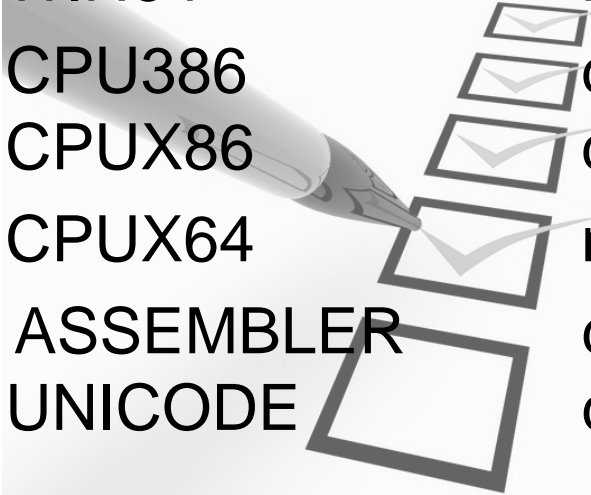
Delphi 64-bit on Windows

- Same Windows API
 - CreateWindowEx, PeekMessage, etc..
- Same Delphi RTL
 - SysUtils, Classes, Generics.Collections, etc...
- Same VCL
 - Forms, Graphics, Controls, Menus, etc..



Pre-Defined Conditionals

| • Category | Identifier | dcc32 | dcc64 |
|----------------|------------|-------------|-------------|
| • Compiler | DCC | defined | defined |
| | VER230 | defined | defined |
| • Platform | MSWINDOWS | defined | defined |
| | WIN32 | defined | not defined |
| | WIN64 | not defined | defined |
| • CPU | CPU386 | defined | not defined |
| | CPUX86 | defined | not defined |
| | CPUX64 | not defined | defined |
| • Availability | ASSEMBLER | defined | defined |
| | UNICODE | defined | defined |



Delphi 64-bit on Windows – some gotcha's



- **SizeOf(Pointer) <> SizeOf(Integer)**
 - Integer<->Pointer casts will break in 64bit
 - SizeOf(THandle) = SizeOf(Pointer)
 - All Handles = SizeOf(Pointer) (HWND, HDC, etc..).
- **All code in process must be 64bit**
 - Must have 64bit versions of external non-Delphi libraries (DLLs)
- **One, and only one, calling convention**
 - `register`, `pascal`, `cdecl`, `stdcall` ignored.
- **`safecall` is still “special”**
- **Old “pointer math” code may break**
 - Works in 32 and 64bit: `MyPtr := PByte(P) + 10;`

Delphi 64-bit on Windows – some gotcha's



- Inline Assembly
 - Cannot mix **asm** blocks with Pascal code
 - Only procedural level **asm** blocks supported
 - Stack **must be 16-byte** aligned at each call instruction
 - Define locals for temp storage
 - Do not modify the RSP stack pointer
 - New unified calling convention. First 4 parameters in registers, RCX, RDX, R8, R9 (or XMM0-XMM3)
- Exception unwinding
 - No change for pure Delphi code. Exceptions function identically.
 - Inline Assembly can cause exception unwinding to fail if not properly written.

Windows API gotcha's



- SetWindowLong / GetWindowLog should be replaced by SetWindowLongPtr / GetWindowLongPtr for GWLP_HINSTANCE, GWLP_WNDPROC, etc... as they return pointers and handles.
 - Pointers passed to SetWindowLongPtr should be type-casted to LONG_PTR and not to Integer / Longint.
- SetWindowLong mapped to SetWindowLongPtr in Windows.pas.
 - Calls to our declaration of SetWindowLong are safe, as long as they are cast correctly.

Windows API gotcha's (con't)



- Use explicit casts to WPARAM and LPARAM where appropriate.
 - Example: Passing pointers through SendMessage
`SendMessage(hWnd, WM_SETTEXT, 0, LPARAM(@MyCharArray));`
- Use LRESULT to cast message results
 - Example: `Message.Result := LRESULT(Self);`
- Message cracker records (TWMxxx) changed
 - Alignment changes and field-size changes

What can I do today?

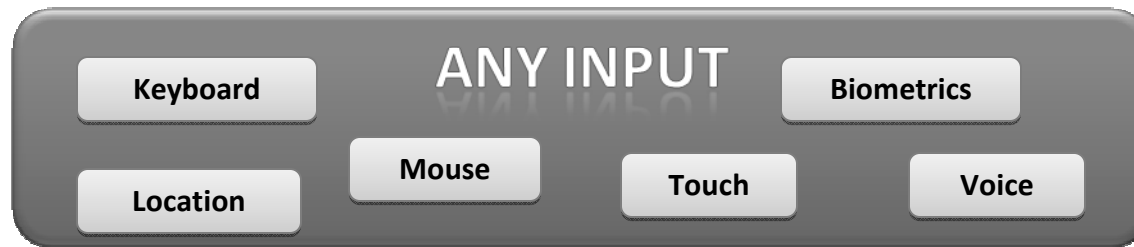


- Find all Integer<->Pointer casts, including Integer<->instance casts.
 - Check for Pointer size assumptions
- Ensure external dependencies are also 64bit
 - Image/bitmap libraries
 - Hardware interfaces libraries
 - ActiveX controls
- Consider rewriting Assembler in pure-Pascal
 - Better future portability (think ARM CPUs...)
 - Rely more on algorithmic performance rather than raw assembly performance.

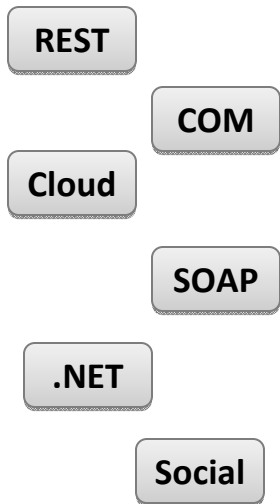


Delphi 64-bit Demonstration

RAD Studio Client Vision



ANY SERVICE



Rich Client Application



DESKTOP, TABLET, MOBILE, KIOSK

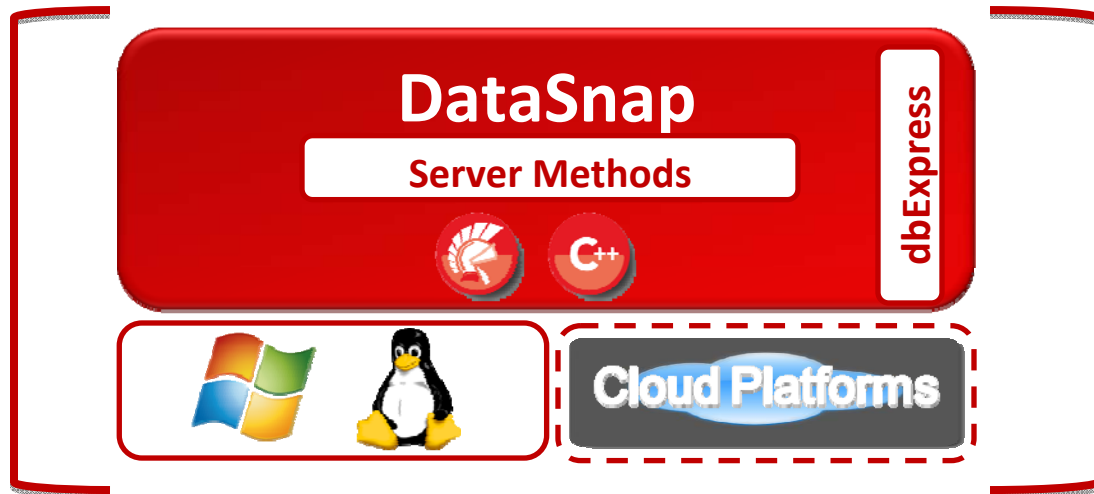
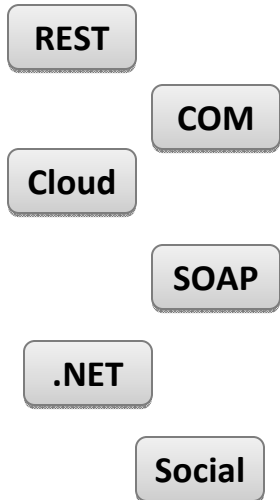
ANY STORAGE



RAD Studio Server Vision



ANY SERVICE



ANY STORAGE



Q & A



Thank You 😊

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